

INSPIRING PACKAGING RECYCLING



Extended Producer Responsibility Alliance

FOREWORDS

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The foundations of EXPRA rest on the belief of delivering quality waste management services to all citizens, which are embedded in a sustainable and global waste management vision.

FOREWORDS

Today, within Europe and globally, the linear "take-make-waste" patterns of production and consumption are considered to have had detrimental effects in relation to climate change, resource efficiency and environmental protection. The solution to these challenges is a circular economy where resources are used in an efficient and sustainable way. The Extended Producer Responsibility (EPR) is an essential part of this approach which the European Commissioni has recognised in the recently published Circular Economy Package.

The Extended Producer Responsibility Alliance (EXPRA) currently embraces 25 members from 23 countries. These include 17 EU Member States (Belgium, Bulgaria, Cyprus, Czech Republic, Estonia, Finland, Greece, Hungary, Italy, Luxembourg, Malta, the Netherlands, Romania, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain and Sweden), Bosnia and Herzegovina, Canada, Israel, Macedonia, Norway and Turkey. Every year, our members, on behalf of the obliged industry, recover and recycle over 19 million tons of packaging, and provide over 200 million inhabitants with packaging collection, sorting and recycling infrastructure.

EXPRA's members, owned and run by the obliged companies, offer waste management solutions based on the EPR principle. In so doing, they operate on a not-for-profit model since their activities are driven by the industry's public service mission of acting in a socially-responsible manner. This allows EXPRA to deliver services of general economic interest that are both cost and resource-efficient.







Joachim Quoden

Managing Director EXPRA

Over the past four years, EXPRA has become THE voice of EPR schemes in Europe. Our organisation has been recognised as a key stakeholder by the EU institutions, the obliged industry, business associations and NGOs alike. Since 2013, EXPRA has developed studies and position papers aimed at sharing expert knowledge with European audiences, including policy-makers, in the field of both EPR and packaging waste management.

This brochure explains EXPRA's principles and values, its structure and activities. It also provides key facts and figures relating to members' activities as well as EPR best practice.

We would like to thank everyone involved in the production of this publication, which, we hope, you will find of interest.

EXPRA BOARD OF DIRECTORS

The Board of EXPRA is made up of 8 representatives of the members and is responsible for the overall strategic direction of EXPRA and overseeing its operations to ensure they fulfill the obligations of the Mission of EXPRA:

'To be the umbrella organisation of not-for-profit producer responsibility organisations dealing with used, mainly household, packaging which is owned by the obliged industry. It aims to act as the authoritative voice and common policy platform representing the interests of its member organizations, and to run a network for the exchange of best practices within its members. Finally, it is the promoter of the EPR golden rules and works on the implementation of these rules into European and national legislation.'

The members of the Board are elected for a 2 year period and are led by a President and supported by the work of the Managing Director, who is also member of the Board. The Board receives updates from each of the work stream committees on a regular basis to maintain full oversight of the developments relating to the environments the members operate in.

PRESENTATION OF THE BOARD OF EXPRA



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Cees de Mol van Otterloo Nedvang



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Below you will find an outline for how EPR organisations can achieve the best environmental and economic results.

The of Extended Producer Responsibility (EPR) is based on the principle that so-called 'obliged companies' take responsibility for the end-of-life management of the products they put on the market. For (household) packaging, EPR ensures that the entire packaging chain is optimized and that packaging is developed in a more sustainable manner.

To achieve the best results - both economically and environmentally - the EPR organisation should be owned by the obliged companies and run on a not-for-profit basis. The table below outlines what EXPRA considers as ten key principles for EPR

The essence of EPR is the producer's responsibility Successful EPR must be based on a partnership for a product throughout its life cycle between public authorities and PROs There should be a level playing field for the PROs should be owned, run and steered provision of EPR services in a given territory by the obliged companies Obliged companies should receive equal PROs should benot-for-profit / treatment and fees should be publicly available profit-not-for-distribution Collectors, sorters or recyclers of waste The industry-owned PROs are should not be active as not be active pursuing a public service mission as PROs but deliver good services PROs should support obligedcompanies to There should be a strong EPR legal improve the environmentalperformance of framework enforced by public authorities their products and packaging

1.

THE ESSENCE OF EXTENDED PRODUCER RESPONSIBILITY (EPR)

According to the Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development (OECD), EPR is "an environmental policy approach in which a producer's responsibility for a product is extended to the postconsumer stage of a product's life cycle".

It means that companies who put products on the market are obliged to collect and recycle these products and their packaging once they have reached their end-of-life stage. In this sense, it can be seen as a practical way of implementing the 'producer pays principle'.

In order to ensure that the products and their packaging are appropriately dealt with once they become waste, the obliged companies set up an EPR organisation to finance, organise, and co-ordinate the collection and recycling of the waste, using the services of licensed waste management companies.

The obliged companies receive a mandate from the authorities to shift their individual responsibility to the EPR organisation, which then becomes responsible and organizes the practical implementation.

2

THE EPR ORGANISATION SHOULD BE RUN AND CONTROLLED BY THE OBLIGED COMPANIES

The EPR organisation should be founded, run, financed and controlled by the obliged companies themselves. It is the best guarantee to ensure the lowest cost to society and that the scheme will be both sustainable and compliant with environmental and legal objectives.

When obliged companies financing the EPR organisation are sitting in the boards and committees of this organisation they have the control about the expenses for all operations of the EPR organisation and will keep them in their own interest to the necessary

Moreover, they can agree to dedicate funding to necessary long term projects like education campaigns to increase the long term performance of the system which would not be run in case of multiple systems competing just on price.

To achieve this, the obliged companies should not only pay a contribution to the EPR organisation, but they should also be actively represented in the EPR organisation.

3.

NOT-FOR-PROFIT ORGANISATION

The EPR organisation should be a not-for-profit or profit-not-for-distribution body. There are several reasons why this is the preferred structure:

- It ensures non-discrimination among all of the obliged companies. A distribution of profit to the founding members/shareholders would constitute discrimination against non-shareholders.
- It also ensures that small and medium size participants receive full and equal service and that the EPR organisation does not just focus on big clients
- It ensure that every obliged company has a right to join the system and is not been refused.
- It ensures that the interests of the consumers/inhabitants are served and that general interest objectives such as education, prevention, and communication will be pursued. This is especially important in the case of household packaging. Any for-profit company will make all possible efforts to avoid these costs which are on a short term scale not necessary to fulfill the minimum targets of the respective legislation.

4

WASTE MANAGEMENT COMPANIES AND/OR INVESTORS CANNOT BE EPR ORGANISATIONS AND VICE VERSA

The natural inclination of investors and waste management companies in an open market is to maximise profit and grow market share - a method that strives for the highest price per tonne of collected and recycled material. Moreover, investors and waste management companies have an interest in increasing the amount of packaging put on the market. This, of course, is contrary to the legal objectives of the waste hierarchy and thereby creates a conflict with serving the public interest.

The focus of the EPR organisation on the other hand is to fulfil the obliged company's obligations in the most efficient and effective way possible. In other words, at the lowest possible cost for the obliged companies and society in general. The EPR organisation should work in close collaboration with the local authorities and negotiate and tender in an open market for collection, sorting, and recycling services.

The legal framework should be set up in such a way that the role of waste management companies is focused on and restricted to the supply of the highest quality services. On the one hand, waste management companies should not interfere in the execution of the EPR. On the other, the EPR organisation should not enter into the collection, sorting, and recycling process itself. Both parties have a distinct and separate role to play in the fulfilment of the EPR - preferably based on a close partnership.

5.

STRONG GOVERNMENTAL SUPPORT AND MONITORING

Public authorities have a key role to play in the enforcement of the EPP

The national legislator should not only create an effective and efficient legal framework for the implementation of the EPR, it should also dedicate the necessary resources to fulfill its objectives. In this respect, special and exclusive rights can be granted to a single PROs. In anycase the national legislator should set out clear and highcriteria for the accreditation of PROs.

In their auditing role, public authorities should enforce this legal framework so that it ensures a qualitative implementation of the EPR, i.e. by using meaningful enforcement procedures to close loopholes and trace free riders. The public authorities should also develop a sound supporting policy. A compulsory Pay-As-You-Throw (PAYT) system on residual household waste can for example work as an incentive for the inhabitants to sort their household packaging waste. They should also refrain from establishing any counter-productive regulations or measures such as packaging taxes and deposit schemes which could impede the execution of the EPR.

6.

ROLE OF MUNICIPALITIES/LOCAL AUTHORITIES

A close partnership between the local authorities and the PROs., based on mutual trust, is acondition sine qua non for the success and theenvironmental sustainability of the EPR.

Municipalities have several roles to play. Many of these roles depend upon the product/waste flow itself.

For example, when the flow concerns household packaging for high-volume, fast moving consumer goods, municipalities play an important role in the set-up and management of door-to-door collections and/or bring or collection point centers.

In this respect, local authorities and the EPR organisation have to agree on the most appropriate collection system, taking into account both local particularities and conformity with national and European requirements.

The local authorities and the PROs. shouldalso actively cooperate in local public communication and awareness programmes, data gathering and monitoring, the control of the waste management operators, and the tendering for collection services.

7.

SINGLE OR MULTIPLE PROS?

Having a single PRO responsible for anational territory - organising the collection and recyclingof a product category for all obliged companies withinnational boundaries - has many advantages.

A single PRO ensures that:

- The government can execute effective andefficient control
- Obliged companies are treated in anondiscriminatory manner.
- An efficient functioning of the market is created, enabling the lowest societal cost for collection, sorting and recycling.
- Effective national and local awareness and communication campaigns are run.
- Reliable data on the collection, sorting, and recycling of packaging waste can be obtained.

When multiple PROs are in simultaneousoperation, it should be noted that the principle of competition regarding the collection of householdpackaging seldom functions ideally.

This is because those who receive the service (inhabitants) do not choose the PROs (which is selectec by the obliged companies).

In countries with multiple PROs - in somecases up to 40 in the same country - it has been observed that the organisations tend to cherry-pick. That is, they concentrate on the easiest material to collect andrecycle. Moreover, public authorities have greater difficulty monitoring the EPR organisations and the obliged companies and to avoid and penalize free riding.

Also, for each authorized PROs it becomesmore or less impossible to monitor the reports of thoseobliged companies participating in their system as theymight participate with remaining packaging in another EPR organisation. Therefore, usually the number of freeriders in countries with multiple PROs is higher than in a country with a single organisation.

Competition must however be assured at the level of the waste management activities, meaning on the level of collection, sorting and recycling, which represent over 80% of a successful PRO's total cost.

In any case, EPR should never be reduced to a shopping list of a large number of so-called PROs owned by waste operators and investors, making profitsat the expense of and to the detriment of the obligedcompanies, the environment, and society in general.

8.

SUSTAINABLE FINANCING BASED ON JOINT FINANCIAL RESPONSIBILITY

The PRO must be set up in such a waythat all necessary finances are provided for an effective implementation in compliance with the legal framework. The financial contribution of the obliged companies should also be significant enough compared to the total cost. This gives them a strong position in discussions with local authorities regarding the most appropriate collection system to be employed.

The financial contribution of each obliged company must be calculated based upon the amount and type of packaging they put on the market and the real cost of operations - including awareness campaigns and potential revenues from the secondary raw material market. This ensures that all obliged companies receive equal treatment and share a fair allocation of the costs.

9

PUBLIC SERVICE MISSION AND PROCUREMENT PROCEDURES

The PRO should pursue - as part of itsstatutory purpose - a public service mission regardingthe collection, recovery, and recycling of household packaging waste. This means the organisation should serve a higher purpose - realising an environmentally and economically sustainable recycling society, which benefits the inhabitants of the country.

In this respect, the PRO should engage itselfin raising awareness about sorting and recycling amongthe inhabitants and provide support for educational programmes. It should also develop adequate programmes and actions for 'away from home' consumption of household packaging waste.

The PRO should implement transparentand efficient procurement procedures for contractingwaste treatment operators such as collectors, sorters, and recyclers. It should observe the principles of equality and neutrality at all times.

10.

PACKAGING OPTIMISATION AND PREVENTION

The PRO should help the obligedcompanies to improve the environmental performance of their products and their packaging by providing advice and information on packaging optimisation.

Packaging optimisation efforts include improved design of the combined product/packaging, guaranteeing the greatest functionality and longest life, while using safe materials and a minimum of raw materials and resources.

Through its co-ordination efforts, the PRO functions as a bridge between the obliged companies and the recyclers. This ensures that the obliged companies gain insight into the recyclability of their packaging and enables them to take the end-of-life treatment into account during the design of the packaging.

EXPRA WORKING GROUPS

EXPRA has a Regulatory Affairs Committee, three specialised Working Groups and a Communication Platform.

These are presented below.

REGULATORY AFFAIRS COMMITTEE

The regulatory Affairs Committee (RAC) stimulates uniform, high standard yet practical legislation in the field of packaging and packaging waste in Europe. The RAC analyses all legislation in Europe that has an effect on packaging and packaging waste management, and draws and executes strategic plans on the positioning EXPRA should take.

The RAC also exchanges information with producers and importers of packed products.



Johan Goosens
Fost Plus
Committee Chair



Amanda Fuso Nerini Conai



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Paul Christiaens Nedvang



Sandra Anguiano Ecovidrio

TECHNICAL WORKING GROUP

The Technical working group (TWG) stimulates the optimal functioning of collection, sorting and recycling of packaging waste on an operational and cost basis. The TWG gathers, pools and shares information on the collection, sorting and recycling of packaging waste. The information is shared with both members of EXPRA (best practices) and other stakeholders (demonstrated expertise), particularly the producers and importers of packed products.



Rosa Trigo Fernandez Eco Embes (Chair)



Amanda Fuso Nerini Conai



Daniel Tabone Greenpak



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Laura Garcia Campo Ecovidrio



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Petr Balner EKO KOM



Rani Aidler



Roman Vandak Envipak



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ECO DESIGN WORKING GROUP

The Eco Design working group (EDWG) stimulates the activities of producers and importers of packed products towards the eco-design of their packaging. The EDWG gathers, pools and exchanges information on the activities regarding packaging prevention. The information is shared with both members of EXPRA (best practices) and other stakeholders (demonstrated expertise), particularly with producers and importers of packed products. The Eco Design working group looks to communicate information to stakeholders on eco-design innovations and examples of packaging prevention best practices.



Amanda Fuso Nerini CONAI WG Chair



Jorge Serrano Pacheco Ecoembes



Beata Gönci Öko Pannon



Eirik Oland Green Dot Norway



Karen van der Stadt Nedvang/Kennis



Philippe Gendebien Fost Plus

DATA, REPORTING AND BENCHMARKING WORKING GROUP

The Data and Reporting Working Group (DRWG) aims to support the development of a level playing field in data, information and statistics on packaging and packaging waste. The DRWG gathers, pools and analyses information about performance, operations and costs of extended producer responsibility for packaging. The information is shared with both members of EXPRA (best practices) and other stakeholders (demonstrated expertise), particularly producers and importers of packed products.



Paul Christiaens Nedvang (Chair)



Alphan ERÖZTÜRK CEVKO



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EPR IMPLEMENTATION WORKING GROUP

The EPR Implementation Working Group gathers, pools and shares information on best practices in running of a non for profit EPR scheme, especially but of course not only in a competitive environment. The EPR Implementation WG also exchanges information with both members of EXPRA (best practices) and other EU and National stakeholders (demonstrated expertise).



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Steve Claus
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COMMUNICATION PLATFORM

The communication platform supports the mission of EXPRA by showing the organization's and its members' commitment to sound packaging waste management. The CN gathers and exchanges information on communication regarding the collection of packaging waste. The information is shared with both members of EXPRA (best practices) and other stakeholders (demonstrated expertise).



Adriaan Lowet Fost Plus



Beáta Gönci Öko Pannon



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KEY FACTS ABOUT EXPRA MEMBERS

Fact and Figures about EXPRA members

BELGIUM





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BELGIUM	COUNTRY
Fost Plus	Name of the system
1994	Founded
Household packaging	Scope of business
1	Number of authorized Household systems
full costs	Financial share of producer responsibility
Local Authorities	Operational responsibility for collection
(usually via call for tender	Operational responsibility for sorting
Fost Plus	Operational responsibility for marketing
5054	Number contributing companies
61,03 million €	Income from obliged companies
100 %	Coverage of the country (territory)
11,2	Number of inhabitants
11,2	- with access to infrastructure
5,45 €	Costs per included inhabitant
32,3 €	Cost average per recovered ton

TOTAL AMOUNT OF PACKAGING PUT ON THE MARKET	n/a
(thereof household packaging)	851,3 Kt

HH PACKAGING PARTICIPATING IN
THE SYSTEM 92 %

TOTAL AMOUNT AND PERCENTAGE OF RECOVERY	705,7 4 kt = 89,7%
Glass	33 5,1 kt = 109,5 %
Paper	174,3kt = 99,6%
Plastics	79,9 kt = 38,3 %
Composites (including PMD residue from the blue bags)	39,9 kt = 96%
Tinplate	76,2 kt = 102,8 %
Aluminum	included in tinplate

TOTAL AMOUNT AND PERCENTAGE OF RECYCLING	682, 4 kt = 86,8%
Glass	335,1 kt = 109,5 %
Paper	174,3 kt = 99,6 %
Plastics *mechanical recycling	79,9 kt = 38,3 %
Composites	16,8 kt = 91 %
Tinplate	76,2 kt = 102,8%
Aluminum	included in tinplate

BELGIUM

OTAL AMOUNT AND PERCENTAGE OF RECOVERY WITH INCINERATION

29%

TOTAL AMOUNT AND PERCENTAGE OF RECOVERY (RECYCLING + RECOVERY WITH INCINERATION)







COLLECTION	
Glass	Collected via banks* *separated by color
Paper	Collected together with newspapers *mostly via curbside collection, but also collection stations
Plastics	Mostly by curbside collection with transparent bags
Beverage Cartons	*(Blue PMD bag) and also in some cases by container stations
Metal packaging	Mostly by curbside collection with transparent bags *(Blue PMD bag) and also in some cases by container stations. From MSW, recycling from bottom ashes from incineration plants (all MSW is incinerated).

BELGIUM



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COUNTRY	BELGIUM
Name of the system	VAL-I-PAC
Founded	1997
Scope of business	Promote & coordinate the recycling of industrial packaging waste
Number of authorized Industrial systems	1
Financial share of producer responsibility	mixed
Operational responsibility for collection	Private waste collectors
Operational responsibility for sorting	Unpackers
Operational responsibility for marketing	VAL-I-PAC
Number contributing companies	7.200
Income from obliged companies	13.5 mio €
Coverage of the country (territory)	100 %
Number of inhabitants	-
- with access to infrastructure	irrelevant
Costs per included inhabitant	n/a
Cost average per recovered ton	19€/ton

BELGIUM

TOTAL AMOUNT OF PACKAGING
PUT ON THE MARKET 800.000 tons

put on the market by the 7.200 members 700.000 tons

HH PACKAGING PARTICIPATING IN
THE SYSTEM n/a

TOTAL AMOUNT AND PERCENTAGE OF RECOVERY	655 000 t = 93 %
Paper	405 000 t = 100 %
Plastics	64 000 t = 70 %
Metals	30 000 t = 80 %
Wood	156 000 t = 95 %
Other	500 t = 6 %

TOTAL AMOUNT AND PERCENTAGE OF RECYCLING	600 000 t = 85 %
Paper	398 000 t = 99 %
Plastics *mechanical recycling	52 000 t = 56 %
Metals	30 000 t = 80 %
Wood	120 000 t = 73 %

TOTAL AMOUNT AND PERCENTAGE OF RECOVERY WITH INCINERATION

n/a

TOTAL AMOUNT AND PERCENTAGE OF RECOVERY (RECYCLING + RECOVERY WITH INCINERATION)

n/a







COLLECTION	
Glass	n/a
Paper	n/a
Plastics	n/a
Beverage cartons	n/a
Metal packaging	n/a

BULGARIA





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COUNTRY	BULGARIA
Name of the system	ECOPACK*
Founded	2004
Scope of business	All Packaging
Number of authorized Household systems	4
Financial share of producer responsibility	Full costs
Operational responsibility for collection	ECOPACK
Operational responsibility for sorting	ECOPACK
Operational responsibility for marketing	ECOPACK
Number contributing companies	1.230
Income from obliged companies	5,88 million €
Coverage of the country (territory)	38%
Number of inhabitants	7,2 million
- with access to ECOPACK infrastructure	2,77 million
Costs per included inhabitant	2,3 €
Cost average per recovered ton	73€

BULGARIA

TOTAL AMOUNT OF PACK AGING PUT ON THE MARKET	330 kt
(by ECOPACK clients)	143 kt

HH PACKAGING PARTICIPATING IN
THE SYSTEM 9 k

TOTAL AMOUNT AND PERCENTAGE OF RECYCLING	87,14 kt = 60%
Glass	20,5 kt = 60%
Paper	44,7 kt = 60 %
Plastics	13 kt = 22,5 %
Composites	Included in paper
Tinplate	4 kt = 50 %
Aluminum	Included in tinplate
Wood	5 kt = 15%

TOTAL AMOUNT AND PERCENTAGE OF RECOVERY WITH INCINERATION

 $0.01 \, \text{Kt} = 1\%$

OTAL AMOUNT AND PERCENTAGE OF RECOVERY (RECYCLING + RECOVERY WITH INCINERATION)

87.14 kt = 61 %







COLLECTION	
Glass	Green containers, no color separation
Paper	Blue containers
Plastics	Yellow container
Beverage cartons	Included in blue containers
Metal packaging	Included in yellow containers

EXPRA MEMBERS BOSNIA & HERZEGOVINA





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COUNTRY	BOSNIA & HERZEGOVINA
Name of the system	Ekopak
Founded	2011 (Operational from May 20
Scope of business	PWM
Number of authorized Household systems	2
Financial share of producer responsibility	Full costs
Operational responsibility for collection	Local Authorities
Operational responsibility for sorting	Local Authorities
Operational responsibility for marketing	Ekopak
Number contributing companies	510
Income from obliged companies	0,7 million €
Coverage of the country (territory)	51 %
Number of inhabitants	3,8 million
- with access to Ekopak infrastructure	50 k
Costs per included inhabitant	3,74€
Cost average per recovered ton	24,42 €

EXPRA MEMBERS BOSNIA & HERZEGOVINA

TOTAL AMOUNT OF PACK AGING PUT ON THE MARKET	280 kt
(thereof household packaging)	49 kt

	TOTAL AMOUNT AND PERCENTAGE OF RECYCLING
Glass 0,53 kt = 5 %	Glass
Paper 8,09 kt = 20 %	Paper
astics 1,04 kt = 8 %	Plastics
nplate 0,12 kt = 4 %	Tinplate
ninum Included in tinplat	Aluminum
v/ood 0,17 kt = 5 %	Wood







COLLECTION	
Glass	Green containers, no color separation
Paper	Blue containers
Plastics	Yellow container
Beverage cartons	Included in yellow containers
Metal packaging	Included in yellow containers

CANADA





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CANADA	COUNTRY
Éco Entreprises Québec	Name of the system
2003	Founded
All Packaging	Scope of business
1	Number of authorized Household systems
Total net costs	Financial share of producer responsibility
Municipalities	Operational responsibility for collection
Municipalities	Operational responsibility for sorting
Sorting centers	Operational responsibility for marketing
3000	Number contributing companies
73.357.725 €	Income from obliged companies
99%	Coverage of the country (territory)
8,1 million	Number of inhabitants
~ 8,1 million	- with access to infrastructure
9,04€	Costs per included inhabitant
197 €	Cost average per recovered ton (for containers and packaging only)

683 kt	TOTAL AMOUNT OF PACK AGING PUT ON THE MARKET
595 kt	(thereof household packaging)
683 kt	HH PACKAGING PARTICIPATING IN THE SYSTEM
377 kt = 55 %	TOTAL AMOUNT AND PERCENTAGE OF RECOVERY
119 kt = 77 %	Glass*
154 kt = 61%	Paper packaging
66 kt = 34%	Plastics*
17 kt = 49%	Composites
included in aluminium	Tinplate
5 kt = 29%	Aluminum*
15 kt = 51%	Steel containers
377 kt = 55 %	TOTAL AMOUNT AND PERCENTAGE OF RECYCLING
n/a	Glass
n/a	Paper
n/a	Plastics
n/a	Composites
n/a	Tinplate
n/a	Aluminum*



TOTAL AMOUNT AND PERCENTAGE OF RECOVERY WITH INCINERATION

n/a

TOTAL AMOUNT AND PERCENTAGE OF RECOVERY (RECYCLING + RECOVERY WITH INCINERATION)

n/a





COLLECTION	
Glass	Curbside recycling collection
Paper	Curbside recycling collection* *together with newspapers
Plastics	Curbside recycling collection
Beverage cartons	Included in paper
Metal packaging	Curbside recycling collection

^{*}In Quebec, beer and soft drinks, either in glass, plastic or aluminum containers, are subject to a deposit system, thus excluded from curbside recycling compensation plan.

CYPRUS





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TOTAL AMOUNT OF PACK AGING PUT ON THE MARKET	103 kt
(thereof household packaging)	77 kt

HH PACKAGING PARTICIPATING IN

THE SYSTEM 62 k

TOTAL AMOUNT AND PERCENTAGE OF RECOVERY	42 kt = 67%
Glass	5,7 kt = 37%
Paper	25 kt = 126%
Plastics	4,3 kt = 32%
Composites	-n/a
Tinplate	4 kt = 130%
Aluminum	0,2 kt = 10%

TOTAL AMOUNT AND PERCENTAGE OF RECYCLING	39 kt = 63%
Glass	5.7 kt = 37%
Paper	25 kt = 126%
Plastics *mechanical recycling	4,3 kt = 32%
Composites	n/a
Tinplate	4 kt = 130%
Aluminum	0,3 kt = 10%

CYPRUS

TOTAL AMOUNT AND PERCENTAGE OF

n/a

TOTAL AMOUNT AND PERCENTAGE OF RECOVERY (RECYCLING + RECOVERY WITH INCINERATION)

n/c







COLLECTION	
Glass	Iglu stations, 1 bin/600 cap
Paper	Brown bags door to door* "together with newspapers magazines & office paper
Plastics	Transparent bag door to door
Beverage cartons	Transparent bag door to door
Metal packaging	Transparent bag door to door

CZECH REPUBLIC





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E: info@ekokom.cz

www.ekokom.cz

COUNTRY	Czech Republic
Name of the system	EKO KOM
Founded	1997
Scope of business	All Packaging
Number of authorized Household systems	1
Financial share of producer responsibility	Full costs for packaging waste (standardized costs)
Operational responsibility for collection	Local authorities
Operational responsibility for sorting	Local authorities
Operational responsibility for marketing	Local authorities
Number contributing companies	20.277
Income from obliged companies	59,18 million €
Coverage of the country (territory)	99%
Number of inhabitants	10,53 million
- with access to infrastructure	10,48 million
Costs per included inhabitant	5,61€
Cost average per recovered ton	85,7 €

TOTAL AMOUNT OF PACK AGING PUT ON THE MARKET	(est.) 2.980 kt (2014)
(thereof household packaging)	n/a
HH PACKAGING PARTICIPATING IN THE SYSTEM	1.067i kt
TOTAL AMOUNT AND PERCENTAGE OF RECOVERY	690 kt = 75%
Glass	129kt = 73%
Paper	330 kt = 89%
Plastics	135 kt = 67%
Composites	Included in paper (BC) & plastics
Tinplate	29 kt = 61%
Aluminum	included in tinplate
TOTAL AMOUNT AND PERCENTAGE OF RECYCLING	690 kt = 75%
Glass	129 kt = 73%
Paper	317 kt = 87%
Plastics	135 kt = 67%
Composites	Included in paper (BC) & plastics
Tinplate	29 kt = 61%
Aluminum	included in tinplate

CZECH REPUBLIC

TOTAL AMOUNT AND PERCENTAGE OF RECOVERY WITH INCINERATION

n/a

TOTAL AMOUNT AND PERCENTAGE OF RECOVERY (RECYCLING + RECOVERY WITH INCINERATION)

n/c







COLLECTION	
Glass	Container stations* *color separation
Paper	Collected together with newspapers* *container stations
Plastics	Container stations
Beverage Cartons	Container stations* included in paper
Metal packaging	Collected via recycling stations* *collection usually via recycling stations run by local authorities, partly collected via container stations

ESTONIA





Eesti Taaskasutusorganisatsioon MTÜ Mustamäe tee 24 10621 Tallinn Estonia

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www.eto.ee

COUNTRY	ESTONIA	
Name of the system	Eesti Taaskasutusorganisatsioon MTÜ (ETO)MTÜ (ETO)	
Founded	2004	
Scope of business	All Packaging	
Number of authorized Household systems	3	
Financial share of producer responsibility	32%	
Operational responsibility for collection	Waste management	
Operational responsibility for sorting	companies via tenders	
Operational responsibility for marketing	ETO system	
Number contributing companies	1000	
Income from obliged companies	3 569 606 €	
Coverage of the country (territory)	99%	
Number of inhabitants	1 313 271	
- with access to infrastructure	1 300 138	
Costs per included inhabitant	2,75€	
Cost average per recovered ton	148,73 €	

TOTAL AMOUNT OF PACK AGING PUT ON THE MARKET	40 163,5 t
(thereof household packaging)	60%
HH PACKAGING PARTICIPATING IN THE SYSTEM	99%
TOTAL AMOUNT AND PERCENTAGE OF RECOVERY	24 949 t = 62,1%
Glass	6 031 t = 71,7%
Paper	8 732 t = 71,7%
Plastics	4 818 t = 55,6%
Composites	not collected separately
Tinplate	1 098 t = 61,1%
Aluminum	Included in tinplate
Wood	4 269 t = 46,8%
TOTAL AMOUNT AND PERCENTAGE OF RECYCLING	20 250 t = 50,4%
Glass	6 031 t = 71,7%
Paper	8 732 t = 71,7%
Plastics* *mechanical recycling	2 474 t = 8,6%
Composites	not collected separately
Tinplate	1 098 t = 61,1%
Aluminum	Included in tinplate
Wood	1 915 t = 21%

ESTONIA

TOTAL AMOUNT AND PERCENTAGE OF RECOVERY WITH INCINERATION

n/a

TOTAL AMOUNT AND PERCENTAGE OF RECOVERY (RECYCLING + RECOVERY WITH INCINERATION)







COLLECTION	
Glass	Green containers
Paper	Blue containers
Plastics Bottles	Yellow container
Flasks, Beverage	Yellow container
Metal packaging	Yellow containers

FINLAND





The Environmental Register of Packaging PYR Ltd Mikonkatu 15 B

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E: pyr@pyr.fipyr@pyr.fiV http://info.pyr.fi/aiheet/in-english/

COUNTRY	FINLAND
Name of the system	Finnish Packaging Recycling RINKI Ltd
Founded	1997
Scope of business	Consumer packaging collection
Number of authorized Household systems	1
Financial share of producer responsibility	100 %
Operational responsibility for collection	RINKI, local authorities, private waste management companies
Operational responsibility for sorting	Waste producers
Operational responsibility for marketing	PROs
Number contributing companies	4,200
Income from obliged companies	10 million € (2014)
Coverage of the country (territory)	100 % (excluding Aland)
Number of inhabitants	5,5 million
- with access to infrastructure	5,5 million
Costs per included inhabitant	2€
Cost average per recovered ton	15€

TOTAL AMOUNT OF PACK AGING PUT ON THE MARKET	716,686 t
HH PACKAGING PARTICIPATING IN THE SYSTEM	not reported
TOTAL AMOUNT AND PERCENTAGE OF RECOVERY	667 706 t = 93 %
Glass	63 122 t = 77 %
Paper	292 399 t = 113 %
Plastics	63 751 t = 54 %
Composites	Included in paper
Tinplate	Included in metals
Aluminum	Included in metals
Metals	42 135 t = 82 %
TOTAL AMOUNT AND PERCENTAGE	
OF RECYCLING	415 436 t = 58 %
Glass	63 122 t = 77 %
Paper	252 399 t = 98 %
Plastics* *mechanical recycling	26 751 t = 23 %
Composites	Included in paper
Metals	42 135 t = 82 %
Tinplate	Included in metals
Aluminum	Included in metals

FINLAND

TOTAL AMOUNT AND PERCENTAGE OF RECOVERY WITH INCINERATION

n/o

TOTAL AMOUNT AND PERCENTAGE OF RECOVERY (RECYCLING + RECOVERY WITH INCINERATION)







COLLECTION	
Glass	Curbside collection & recycling stations
Paper	Curbside collection & recycling stations
Plastics Bottles	Curbside collection & recycling stations
Flasks, Beverage	Curbside collection & recycling stations

GREECE



HERRCO (Hellenic Recovery & Recycling Corporation)
Himaras 5

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www.herrco.gr

COUNTRY	GREECE
Name of the system	Herrco
Founded	1991
Scope of business	All Packaging
Number of authorized Household systems	3
Financial share of producer responsibility	Additional costs
Operational responsibility for collection	Local Authority
Operational responsibility for sorting	Herrco
Operational responsibility for marketing	Herrco
Number contributing companies	1,817
Income from obliged companies	20,6 million €
Coverage of the country (territory)	87%
Number of inhabitants	10,8 million
- with access to infrastructure	9,4 million
Costs per included inhabitant	1,91€
Cost average per recovered ton	53,12 €

TOTAL AMOUNT OF PACK AGING PUT ON THE MARKET	706 kt
HH PACKAGING PARTICIPATING IN THE SYSTEM	50%
TOTAL AMOUNT AND PERCENTAGE OF RECOVERY	389 kt
Glass	20 kt
Paper	251 kt
Plastics	59 kt
Composites	Included in paper
Tinplate	44 kt
Aluminum	7 kt
Wood	8 kt
TOTAL AMOUNT AND PERCENTAGE OF RECYCLING	389 kt
Glass	20 kt
Paper	251 kt
Plastics	59 kt
Composites	Included in paper
Tinplate	44 kt
Aluminum	7 kt
Wood	8 kt

GREECE

TOTAL AMOUNT AND PERCENTAGE OF RECOVERY WITH INCINERATION

n/o

TOTAL AMOUNT AND PERCENTAGE OF RECOVERY (RECYCLING + RECOVERY WITH INCINERATION)







COLLECTION	
Glass	Co-mingled collection - blue container* *separate bin
Paper	Co-mingled collection - blue container
Plastics	Co-mingled collection - blue container
Beverage cartons	Co-mingled collection - blue container
Metal packaging	Co-mingled collection - blue container

HUNGARY





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www.okopannon.hu

COUNTRY	HUNGARY
Name of the system	Öko Pannon
Founded	1996
Scope of business	Lobbying for EPR solution from 2012 (formerly all packaging)
Number of authorized Household systems	0 (State owned 8 run organization)
Financial share of producer responsibility	Packaging Tax
Operational responsibility for collection	Local Authority
Operational responsibility for sorting	Local Authority
Operational responsibility for marketing	National Waste Management Authority
Number contributing companies	23 000
Income from obliged companies	113 million € Packaging Tax
Coverage of the country (territory)	90%
Number of inhabitants	10 million
- with access to infrastructure	9 million
Costs per included inhabitant	12,26 €
Cost average per recovered ton	not published

HUNGARY

TOTAL AMOUNT OF PACK AGING PUT ON THE MARKET	1064 kt
(thereof household packaging)	585,2 kt
HH PACKAGING PARTICIPATING IN THE SYSTEM	585,2 kt
TOTAL AMOUNT AND PERCENTAGE OF RECOVERY	633,9 kt = 59,45 %
Glass	32, kt = 32,29 %
Paper	349 kt = 96,09 %
Plastics	156,3 kt = 56,4 %
Composites	8,5 kt = 33,4 %
Metal	59 kt = 83,7 %
TOTAL AMOUNT AND PERCENTAGE OF RECYCLING	487,8 kt = 48,2%
Glass	36,4 kt = 34,2 %
Paper	323,4 kt = 88,86 %
Plastics* *mechanical recycling	88,86 kt = 31,86 %
Composites	4,6 kt=18,41%
Metal	59 kt = 83,7 %

TOTAL AMOUNT AND PERCENTAGE OF RECOVERY WITH INCINERATION

n/a

TOTAL AMOUNT AND PERCENTAGE OF RECOVERY (RECYCLING + RECOVERY WITH INCINERATION)



COLLECTION	
Glass	not published
Paper	not published
Plastic	not published
Beverage Cartons	not published
Metal packaging	not published

ISRAEL



TAMIR - Packaging Recovery Organization of Israel Ltd (cc). Shenkar 18 st.

Herzliya. P.O.B 2078, Israel.

T: 972-9-8800046 F: 972-9-8866053 E: info@tmir.org.il www.tmir.org.il

COUNTRY	ISRAEL
Name of the system	TAMIR
Founded	2011 (operation started in 2012)
Scope of business	All packaging except beverage containers under deposit
Number of authorized Household systems	2
Financial share of producer responsibility	100%
Operational responsibility for collection	TAMIR
Operational responsibility for sorting	TAMIR
Operational responsibility for marketing	TAMIR
Number contributing companies	860
Income from obliged companies	11 million €
Coverage of the country (territory)	165 local municipalities out of 255. 5.5M inhabitants out of 7.7M.
Number of inhabitants	7.7 million
- with access to infrastructure	n/a
Costs per included inhabitant	2€
Cost average per recovered ton	46€



TOTAL AMOUNT OF PACK AGING PUT ON THE MARKET	est. 755K
(by TAMIR clients)	350K

PARTICIPATING IN	
THE SYSTEM	n/a

TOTAL AMOUNT AND PERCENTAGE OF RECOVERY	240 kt = 68 %
Glass	1 kt = 6.5 %
Paper	190 kt = 124 %
Plastics	36 kt = 33 %
Wood	3.4kt = 50%
Tinplate	10 kt = 41 %

TOTAL AMOUNT AND PERCENTAGE OF RECOVERY WITH INCINERATION

n/a

OTAL AMOUNT AND PERCENTAGE OF RECOVERY (RECYCLING + RECOVERY WITH INCINERATION)







COLLECTION	
Glass	Container stations no color separation
Paper	Container stations for paper cardboard* 'collected together with newspapers
Plastics	Container stations via orange bins DTD collection
Beverage cartons	Orange bins DTD collection
Metal packaging	Orange bins DTD collection







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COUNTRY	ITALY
Name of the system	CONAI
Founded	1997
Scope of business	All Packaging
Number of authorized Household systems	1
Financial share of producer responsibility	Additional fee
Operational responsibility for collection	Local Authority
Operational responsibility for sorting	Local Authority
Operational responsibility for marketing	CONAI
Number contributing companies	1.069.227
Income from obliged companies	377 million €
Coverage of the country (territory)	71% - 96%
Number of inhabitants	60.8 million
- with access to infrastructure	57.3 million
Costs per included inhabitant	6.6 €
Cost average per recovered ton	41.0 €
	* Data for 2014

11.851 kt	TOTAL AMOUNT OF PACK AGING PUT ON THE MARKET
5.551 kt	(thereof household packaging)
100%	HH PACKAGING PARTICIPATING IN THE SYSTEM
9.203 kt = 77.7%	TOTAL AMOUNT AND PERCENTAGE OF RECOVERY
1.615 kt = 70.3%	Glass
3.859 kt = 88.2%	Paper
1.717 kt = 82.5%	Plastics
Included in paper	Composites
336 kt = 74.63%	Tinplate
50.2 kt = 79.2%	Aluminum
1.626 kt = 63.1%	Wood
7.808 kt = 6.9 %	TOTAL AMOUNT AND PERCENTAGE OF RECYCLING
1.615 kt = 70.3%	Glass
3.482 kt = 79.5%	Paper
790 kt = 37.9%	Plastics
Included in paper	Composites
336 kt = 74.3%	Tinplate
47.1 kt = 74.3%	Aluminum
1539 kt= 59.7%	Wood



TOTAL AMOUNT AND PERCENTAGE OF RECOVERY WITH INCINERATION

n/a

TOTAL AMOUNT AND PERCENTAGE OF RECOVERY (RECYCLING + RECOVERY WITH INCINERATION)





COLLECTION	
Glass	Stationary - mobile waste container
Paper	Stationary - mobile waste container* "together with newspapers
Plastics	Stationary - mobile waste container
Beverage cartons	Included in paper or plastic
Metal packaging	Included in plastic

LUXEMBOURG





VALORLUX A.S.B.L.

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E: message@valorlux.lu

www.valorlux.lu

COUNTRY	Luxembourg
Name of the system	Valorlux
Founded	1995
Scope of business	Household packaging + commercial packaging from retailers
Number of authorized Household systems	1
Financial share of producer responsibility	Total costs for household packaging + financial support for commercial pack
Operational responsibility for collection	PMC: VALOLUX; other packaging: local authorities
Operational responsibility for sorting	PMC: VALOLUX; other packaging: local authorities
Operational responsibility for marketing	PMC: VALOLUX; other packaging: local authorities
Number contributing companies	1.100
Income from obliged companies	4,9 million €
Coverage of the country (territory)	100%
Number of inhabitants	0,52 million
- with access to infrastructure	0,52 million
Costs per included inhabitant	9,4€
Cost average per recovered ton	104€
	* Data for 2012

Data for 2012

TOTAL AMOUNT OF PACKAGING PUT ON THE MARKET	n/a
(thereof household packaging)	67 kt
HH PACKAGING PARTICIPATING IN THE SYSTEM	63 kt
TOTAL AMOUNT AND PERCENTAGE OF RECOVERY	47 kt = 73%
Glass	21 kt = 78%
Paper	15 kt = 82%
Plastics	5 kt = 43%
Composites	1 kt = 97% (beverage cartons only)
Tinplate	2 kt = 79%
Aluminum	1 kt = 71%
TOTAL AMOUNT AND PERCENTAGE OF RECYCLING	46 kt = 72%
Glass	21 kt = 78%
Paper	15 kt = 82%
Plastics	5 kt = 43%
Composites	1 kt = 97% (beverage cartons only)
Tinplate	2 kt = 79%
Aluminum	1 kt = 71%

LUXEMBOURG

TOTAL AMOUNT AND PERCENTAGE OF RECOVERY WITH INCINERATION

n/a

FOTAL AMOUNT AND PERCENTAGE OF RECOVERY (RECYCLING + RECOVERY WITH INCINERATION)







COLLECTION	
Glass	Collected via iglu stations, curbside and recycling stations mixed colors
Paper/cardboard	Together with newspapers in bundle collection door to door, cardboard only collected in recycling stations
Plastics Bottles &Plastics Bottles & Beverage Cartons	Collection via blue bag door to door and recycling stations
Metal packaging	n/a
Other plastics	Collection usually via recycling stations run by local authorities

MACEDONIA





Pakomak - Asset packaging and packaging waste blv, Partizanski odredi, Porta Vlae blok 4, 1000 Skopje,

R. Macedonia

T: 389 2 20 44 567

E: info@pakomak.com.mk

COUNTRY	Macedonia
Name of the system	Pakomak
Founded	2010
Scope of business	All Packaging
Number of authorized Household systems	4
Financial share of producer responsibility	35%
Operational responsibility for collection	Pakomak
Operational responsibility for sorting	Public/private companies
Operational responsibility for marketing	Public/private companies
Number contributing companies	830
Income from obliged companies	0,8 million €
Coverage of the country (territory)	70%
Number of inhabitants	2.1 million
- with access to infrastructure	1.47 million
Costs per included inhabitant	0,5 €
Cost average per recovered ton	26€

L AMOUNT OF PACKAGING 100 kt total PUT ON THE MARKET (Pakomak 42 kt)
reof household packaging) 100 kt
KAGING PARTICIPATING IN THE SYSTEM 42%
MOUNT AND PERCENTAGE OF RECOVERY 11,5 kt
Glass 770 tons = 8,4 %
Paper 6.15 tons= 55,9 %
Plastics *mechanical recycling 4,015 tons = 36,5 %
Composites 33 tons = 0,3%44 kt
Tinplate n/a
Aluminum n/a
MOUNT AND PERCENTAGE OF RECOVERY 11,5 kt
Glass 770 tons = 8,4 %
Paper 6.15 tons= 55,9 %
Plastics *mechanical recycling 4,015 tons = 36,5 %
Composites 33 tons = 0,3%44 kt
Tinplate n/a
Aluminum n/a

MACEDONIA

TOTAL AMOUNT AND PERCENTAGE OF RECOVERY WITH INCINERATION

n/a

TOTAL AMOUNT AND PERCENTAGE OF RECOVERY (RECYCLING + RECOVERY WITH INCINERATION)







COLLECTION	
Glass	HoReCa
Paper	collected in containers* *blue in public areas
Plastics	collected in containers* *yellow in public places
Beverage Cartons	included in paper
Metal packaging	collected via container stations

MALTA



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COUNTRY	MALTA
Name of the system	GreenPak
Founded	2005
Scope of business	All Packaging
Number of authorized Household systems	2
Financial share of producer responsibility	Total costs
Operational responsibility for collection	GreenPak
Operational responsibility for sorting	GreenPak
Operational responsibility for marketing	GreenPak
Number contributing companies	1228
Income from obliged companies	1,65 million €
Coverage of the country (territory)	70%
Number of inhabitants	0,445 million
- with access to infrastructure	0,305 million
Costs per included inhabitant	6,62€
Cost average per recovered ton	181 €

TOTAL AMOUNT OF PACK AGING PUT ON THE MARKET	90 kt
(thereof household packaging)	67,5 kt

HH PACKAGING PARTICIPATING IN THE SYSTEM 13	3,18 kt
---	---------

AMOUNT AND PERCENTAGE OF RECOVERY 11,12	2 kt = 62%
Glass 1,58	3 kt = 34%
Paper 5,0	8 kt = 71%
Plastics 2,5	5 kt = 69%
Composites Inc	luded in paper
Tinplate & Aluminum 0,6	5 kt = 59%

9,84 kt = 55%	TOTAL AMOUNT AND PERCENTAGE OF RECYCLING
1,58 kt = 34%	Glass
5,06 kt = 70%	Paper
2,54 kt = 69%	Plastics *mechanical recycling
Included in paper	Composites
0.66 kt = 58%	Tinplate & Aluminum



FOTAL AMOUNT AND PERCENTAGE OF RECOVERY WITH INCINERATION

n/a

TOTAL AMOUNT AND PERCENTAGE OF RECOVERY (RECYCLING + RECOVERY WITH INCINERATION)

n/o







COLLECTION	
Glass	Green containers
Paper	Container stations *together with newspapers
Plastic	Container stations
Beverage Cartons	Included in paper
Metal packaging	Container stations

NORWAY



Grønt Punkt Norge

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COUNTRY	Norway
Name of the system	Green Dot Norway
Founded	1991 - 1997
Scope of business	All Packaging*
Number of authorized Household systems	1**
Financial share of producer responsibility	Additional costs for separate collection and sorting
Operational responsibility for collection	Local Authority
Operational responsibility for sorting	Green Dot Norway
Operational responsibility for marketing	+ material companies
Number contributing companies	9.500
Income from obliged companies	31,5 million€
Coverage of the country (territory)	100 %
Number of inhabitants	5 million
- with access to infrastructure	5 million
Costs per included inhabitant	6,3 €
Cost average per recovered ton	62€
	*except beverage containers under deposit

*except beverage containers under deposit
**no authorization required, also two deposit systems one for reusable glass and PET and one for recyclable
PET and PE bottles and aluminum cans

TOTAL AMOUNT OF PACK AGING PUT ON THE MARKET	542 kt
(thereof household packaging)	265 kt
HH PACKAGING PARTICIPATING IN THE SYSTEM	225 = 85%
TOTAL AMOUNT AND PERCENTAGE OF RECOVERY	542 kt = 93,7 %
Glass	70 kt = 90 %
Paper	302 kt = 97 %
Plastics	157 kt = 92 %
Composites	Included in paper & plastics
Tinplate	14 kt = 58 %
Aluminum	included in tinplate
TOTAL AMOUNT AND PERCENTAGE OF RECYCLING	520 kt = 69,5 %
Glass	70 kt = 90 %
Paper	302 kt = 81 %
Plastics	157 kt = 38,5 %
Composites	Included in paper & plastics
Tinplate	14 kt = 58 %
Aluminum	included in tinplate

NORWAY

TOTAL AMOUNT AND PERCENTAGE OF RECOVERY WITH INCINERATION

n/a

TOTAL AMOUNT AND PERCENTAGE OF RECOVERY (RECYCLING + RECOVERY WITH INCINERATION)

n/(







COLLECTION	
Glass	Collected via bring stations* *together with metals (more kerbside collection on the way)
Paper	Collected together with newspapers at home
Plastics	Collected viakerbside collection and bring stations
Beverage Cartons	Included in paper
Metal packaging	Collected via bring stations together with glass

ROMANIA





ECO-ROM AMBALAJE

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COUNTRY	Romania
Name of the system	Eco Rom Ambalaje
Founded	2003
Scope of business	All Packaging
Number of authorized Household systems	9
Financial share of producer responsibility	Additional costs
Operational responsibility for collection	Local Authority
Operational responsibility for sorting	Local Authority
Operational responsibility for marketing	Eco Rom Ambalaje
Number contributing companies	3,056
Income from obliged companies	9,81 million €
Coverage of the country (territory)	48 %
Number of inhabitants	20,1 million
- with access to infrastructure	9 million
Costs per included inhabitant	0,56 €
Cost average per recovered ton	33 €
	Data for 2015

Data for 2015

TOTAL AMOUNT OF PACK AGING PUT ON THE MARKET	624 kt
(thereof household packaging)	no split on IC and HH
HH PACKAGING PARTICIPATING IN THE SYSTEM	56 %
TOTAL AMOUNT AND PERCENTAGE OF RECOVERY	387kt = 62 %
Glass	66 kt = 69 %
Paper	114 kt = 61 %
Plastics	129 kt = 94 %* *plastic+PET
Composites	Included in paper
Tinplate	14 kt = 73 %
Aluminum	3,2 kt = 23 %
Wood	61 kt = 50 %
TOTAL AMOUNT AND PERCENTAGE OF RECYCLING	376 kt = 60 %
Glass	66 kt = 69 %
Paper	114 kt = 61 %
Plastics* *mechanical recycling	124 kt = 90,3 %*
Composites	Included in paper
Tinplate	14kt = 72,6 %
Aluminum	3,2 kt = 23,5 %
Wood	55 kt = 45 %

ROMANIA

TOTAL AMOUNT AND PERCENTAGE OF RECOVERY WITH INCINERATION

n/a

TOTAL AMOUNT AND PERCENTAGE OF RECOVERY (RECYCLING + RECOVERY WITH INCINERATION)





COLLECTION		
Glass	Green container stations	
Paper	Blue container stations	
Plastics	Yellow container stations	
Beverage Cartons	Blue container stations	
Metal packaging	Yellow container stations	

SLOVAKIA



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SLOVAKIA
ENVI-PAK
2003
All Packaging
1
Additional costs
Local Authority
Local Authority
ENVI-PAK
1239
2,4 million €
48,76%
5,4 million
5,4 million
0,85 €
16,424 €

TOTAL AMOUNT OF PACK AGING PUT ON THE MARKET	463 613 t
(thereof household packaging)	n/a
HH PACKAGING PARTICIPATING IN THE SYSTEM	95 882 t
TOTAL AMOUNT AND PERCENTAGE OF RECOVERY	130 244,570 = 68,50%
Glass	28 586,829 = 72,68%
Paper	57 665,336 = 76,53%
Plastics	29 107,305 = 62,66%
Composites	896,082 = 57,77%
Metal	6 357,360 = 58,65%
Wood	7 531,681 = 45,72%
TOTAL AMOUNT AND PERCENTAGE OF RECYCLING	124 440,670 = 65,45%
Glass	28 586,829 = 72,68%
Paper	57 281,506 = 76,03%
Plastics* *mechanical recycling	25 678,524 = 55,28%
Composites	888,520 = 57,28%
Metal	6 357,360 = 58,65%
Wood	5 647,931 = 34,29%

SLOVAKIA

FOTAL AMOUNT AND PERCENTAGE OF

n/a

TOTAL AMOUNT AND PERCENTAGE OF RECOVERY (RECYCLING + RECOVERY WITH INCINERATION)





COLLECTION	
Glass	Bring system
Paper	Bring and kerbside collection *together with newspapers
Plastic	Bring and kerbside collection
Beverage Cartons	Bring and kerbside collection* *mostly together with plastic
Metal packaging	Bring and kerbside collection* *mostly together with plastic

SLOVENIA



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COUNTRY	SLOVENIA
Name of the system	SLOPAK d.o.o.
Founded	2002
Scope of business	All Packaging
Number of authorized Household systems	6
Financial share of producer responsibility	Shared
Operational responsibility for collection	Local authorities
Operational responsibility for sorting	PRO's
Operational responsibility for marketing	PRO's
Number contributing companies	819
Income from obliged companies	2.7 Million €
Coverage of the country (territory)	100%
Number of inhabitants	2.061.952
- with access to infrastructure	2.061.952
Costs per included inhabitant	-
Cost average per recovered ton	-

46,341 t	TOTAL AMOUNT OF PACK AGING PUT ON THE MARKET
no split on IC and HH	(thereof household packaging)
n/a	HH PACKAGING PARTICIPATING IN THE SYSTEM
36,062 t = 92%	TOTAL AMOUNT AND PERCENTAGE OF RECOVERY
7,923 t = 100%	Glass
8,569 t = 100%	Paper
17,497 t = 100%	Plastics
Included in plastics	Composites
Included in metals	Tinplate
Included in metals	Aluminum
28,789 t = 73%	TOTAL AMOUNT AND PERCENTAGE OF RECYCLING
7,923 t = 100%	Glass
8,142 Tt = 95%	Paper
9,735 t = 56%	Plastics* *mechanical recycling
Included in plastics	Composites
2,073 t = 100%	Metals
Included in metals	Tinplate
Included in metals	Aluminum

SLOVENIA

TOTAL AMOUNT AND PERCENTAGE OF RECOVERY WITH INCINERATION

n/o

TOTAL AMOUNT AND PERCENTAGE OF RECOVERY (RECYCLING + RECOVERY WITH INCINERATION)







COLLECTION		
Glass	Container stations	
Paper	Container stations	
Plastics	Container stations	
Beverage Cartons	Together with plastic & metal pack.	
Metal packaging	Together with plastic pack. 8 bevarage	

SPAIN



Ecoembalajes España

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COUNTRY	SPAIN
Name of the system	Ecoembes
Founded	1996
Scope of business	Household Packaging excluding glass; commercial & industrial packaging only if collected by Municipalities
Number of authorized Household systems	1 for plastic/paper/metals + 1 for glass
Financial share of producer responsibility	Additional costs for separate collection and sorting
Operational responsibility for collection	Local Authority
Operational responsibility for sorting	Local Authority
Operational responsibility for marketing	Eco Embes (via call for tender)
Number contributing companies	11947
Income from obliged companies	435,5 million €
Coverage of the country (territory)	99,97%
Number of inhabitants	47,117 million
- with access to infrastructure	46,738 (paper/cardboard) 46,573 (lightweight packaging)
Costs per included inhabitant	9,24€
Cost average per recovered ton	324€

TOTAL AMOUNT OF PACK AGING PUT ON THE MARKET	6695,84 kt
(thereof household packaging Ecoembes)	1707,265 kt

HH PACKAGING PARTICIPATING IN THE SYSTEM n/a

1344,0 Kt = 78,7%	TOTAL AMOUNT AND PERCENTAGE OF RECOVERY
587,9 Kt=85,0%	Paper
472,7 Kt=70,6%	Plastics
included in paper	Composites
276,5 Kt= 83,6%	Tinplate
included in tinplate	Aluminum

1258,6 Kt= 73,7%	TOTAL AMOUNT AND PERCENTAGE OF RECYCLING
564,7 Kt=81,7%	Paper
410,8 Kt=61,4%	Plastics* *mechanical recycling
included in paper	Composites
276,5 Kt= 83,6%	Tinplate
included in tinplate	Aluminum

SPAIN

TOTAL AMOUNT AND PERCENTAGE OF RECOVERY WITH INCINERATION

n/a

TOTAL AMOUNT AND PERCENTAGE OF RECOVERY (RECYCLING + RECOVERY WITH INCINERATION)





COLLECTION	
Glass	Included in Ecovidrio section
Paper	Collected via container stations* *together with newspapers
Plastic	Container stations
Beverage Cartons	Collected together with metals and plastic
Metal packaging	Collected via container stations

SPAIN



ecovidrio

Ecovidrio
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SPAIN	COUNTRY
Ecovidrio	Name of the system
1997	Founded
Glass packaging	Scope of business
1 for plastic/paper/metals (Ecoembes) + 1 for glass (Ecovidri	Number of authorized Household systems
Additional costs	Financial share of producer responsibility
Local Entities	Operational responsibility for collection
n/a	Operational responsibility for sorting
Ecovidrio	Operational responsibility for marketing
2,655	Number contributing companies
41,675 million €	Income from obliged companies
99,3% (7,976 Local Entities)	Coverage of the country (territory)
47 million	Number of inhabitants
46,8 million	- with access to infrastructure
1,41€	Costs per included inhabitant
96,9 €/ton (glass only)	Cost average per recovered ton

SPAIN

TOTAL AMOUNT OF PACK AGING PUT ON THE MARKET	n/a
(thereof household packaging)	n/a

HH PACKAGING PARTICIPATING IN Horeca represent THE SYSTEM 48% of collection

TOTAL AMOUNT AND PERCENTAGE OF RECOVERY

694.325 tons (+1%)

Additional tons recycled (via other sources monitored by Ecovidrio, collaboration plans to collect and recycle glass from non-municipal channels): 162.045 tons (19%)

TOTAL AMOUNT AND PERCENTAGE OF RECOVERY WITH INCINERATION

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TOTAL AMOUNT AND PERCENTAGE OF RECOVERY (RECYCLING + RECOVERY WITH INCINERATION)







COLLECTION	
Glass	Curbside containers* *no colour separation
Paper	n/a
Plastics	n/a
Beverage Cartons	n/a
Metal packaging	n/a

SWEDEN





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COUNTRY	SWEDEN
Name of the system	FTI
Founded	1994
Scope of business	All Packaging
Number of authorized Household systems	2
Financial share of producer responsibility	100%
Operational responsibility for collection	FTI
Operational responsibility for sorting	FTI
Operational responsibility for marketing	FTI
Number contributing companies	Local authorities
Income from obliged companies	9,000
Coverage of the country (territory)	100%
Number of inhabitants	10 million €
- with access to infrastructure	10 million €
Costs per included inhabitant	6, 60 €
Cost average per recovered ton	n/a

TOTAL AMOUNT OF PACKAGING PUT ON THE MARKET 938 kt (thereof household packaging) not reported

(excluding alu cans and PET bottles that are covered by deposit scheme)

THE SYSTEM Flot reported		PARTICIPATING IN THE SYSTEM	not reported
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	TOTAL AMOUNT AND PERCENTAGE OF RECOVERY
n/a	Glass
n/a	Paper
n/a	Plastics
n/a	Composites
n/a	Tinplate & Aluminum

683 kt = 73%	TOTAL AMOUNT AND PERCENTAGE OF RECYCLING
180 kt = 93%	Glass
403 kt = 78%* *paper packaing including used beverage	Pape cartons
72 kt = 38%* *plastic packaging excluding PET bottles	Plastics* *mechanical recycling
n/a	Composites
28 kt = 73%* *metal packaging excluding alu cans	Tinplate
included in tinplat	Aluminum

SWEDEN

OTAL AMOUNT AND PERCENTAGE OF

n/a

TOTAL AMOUNT AND PERCENTAGE OF RECOVERY (RECYCLING + RECOVERY WITH INCINERATION)





COLLECTION	
Glass	
Paper	Collected from households via bring stations
Plastics	via billing station is
Metal	

EXPRA MEMBERS THE NETHERLANDS



nedvang



Nedvang Schorpioenstraat 290, 4th floor 3067 KW Rotterdam, The Netherlands T: +31 10 420 61 61 E: info@nedvang.nl www.nedvang.nl

COUNTRY	The Netherlands
Name of the system	Afvalfonds Verpakkingen & Nedvang
Founded	2012 8 2006
Scope of business	All Packaging
Number of authorized Household systems	1
Financial share of producer responsibility	Total costs
Operational responsibility for collection	Municipalities
Operational responsibility for sorting	Municipalities
Operational responsibility for marketing	Municipalities
Number contributing companies	2,800
Income from obliged companies	155 million €
Coverage of the country (territory)	100%
Number of inhabitants	17.0 million
- with access to infrastructure	17,0 million
Costs per included inhabitant	9,11€
Cost average per recovered ton	49€
	Data for 2012

TOTAL AMOUNT OF PACK AGING PUT ON THE MARKET

n/c

PARTICIPATING IN
THE SYSTEM

n/a

ERCENTAGE F RECOVERY 2,053 kt = 74%	TOTAL AMOUNT AND PERCENTA OF RECOV
Glass 414 kt = 79%	G
Paper 955 kt = 82%	Po
Plastics 269 kt = 57%	Plas
Composites Included in paper	Compos
Metals 208 kt = 94%	Me
Aluminum Included In metals	Alumin
Wood 208 kt = 54%	W

NT AND PERCENTAGE OF RECYCLING 1,909 kt = 69%	TOTAL AMOUNT AND PERCENTAGE OF RECYCLING
Glass 414 kt = 79%	Glass
Paper 955 kt = 82%	Paper
Plastics 236 kt = 50%	Plastics
Composites Included in paper	Composites
Metals 208 kt = 94%	Metals
Aluminum Included in meta	Aluminum
Wood 97 kt = 25%	Wood

THE NETHERLANDS

TOTAL AMOUNT AND PERCENTAGE OF RECOVERY WITH INCINERATION

n/a

TOTAL AMOUNT AND PERCENTAGE OF RECOVERY (RECYCLING + RECOVERY WITH INCINERATION)







COLLECTION	
Glass	Container stations
Paper	Collected together* *with newspapers
Plastics	Collection with transparent bags
Beverage Cartons	Separate, with plastics & metals or with paper
Metal packaging	Collection via MSW

TURKEY





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COUNTRY	Turkey
Name of the system	CEVKO
Founded	1991
Scope of business	All Packaging
Number of authorized Household systems	3
Financial share of producer responsibility	Shared
Operational responsibility for collection	Local authorities
Operational responsibility for sorting	Local authorities
Operational responsibility for marketing	CEVKO
Number contributing companies	1.759
Income from obliged companies	8,5 million €
Coverage of the country (territory)	31%
Number of inhabitants	75 million
- with access to infrastructure	21.4 million
Costs per included inhabitant	0,65 €
Cost average per recovered ton	22€

TOTAL AMOUNT OF PACK AGING PUT ON THE MARKET	1.000.000 t (est.)
(thereof household packaging)	n/a
HH PACKAGING PARTICIPATING IN THE SYSTEM	980.000 t
TOTAL AMOUNT AND PERCENTAGE OF RECOVERY	545,6 kt
Glass	98,5 kt
Paper	223 kt
Plastics	17,497 t
Composites	25,3 kt
Tinplate	25,5 kt
Aluminum	11 kt
TOTAL AMOUNT AND PERCENTAGE OF RECYCLING	545,6 kt
	545,6 kt 98,5 kt
OF RECYCLING	
OF RECYCLING Glass	98,5 kt
OF RECYCLING Glass Paper	98,5 kt 223 kt
OF RECYCLING Glass Paper Plastics	98,5 kt 223 kt 153 kt

TURKEY

OTAL AMOUNT AND PERCENTAGE OF

n/a

OTAL AMOUNT AND PERCENTAGE OF RECOVERY (RECYCLING + RECOVERY WITH INCINERATION)







COLLECTION		
Glass	Container stations* *no color separation, bin	
Paper	Container stations	
Plastics	Container stations	
Beverage Cartons	Container stations	
Metal packaging	Container stations	

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Extended Producer Responsibility Alliance